



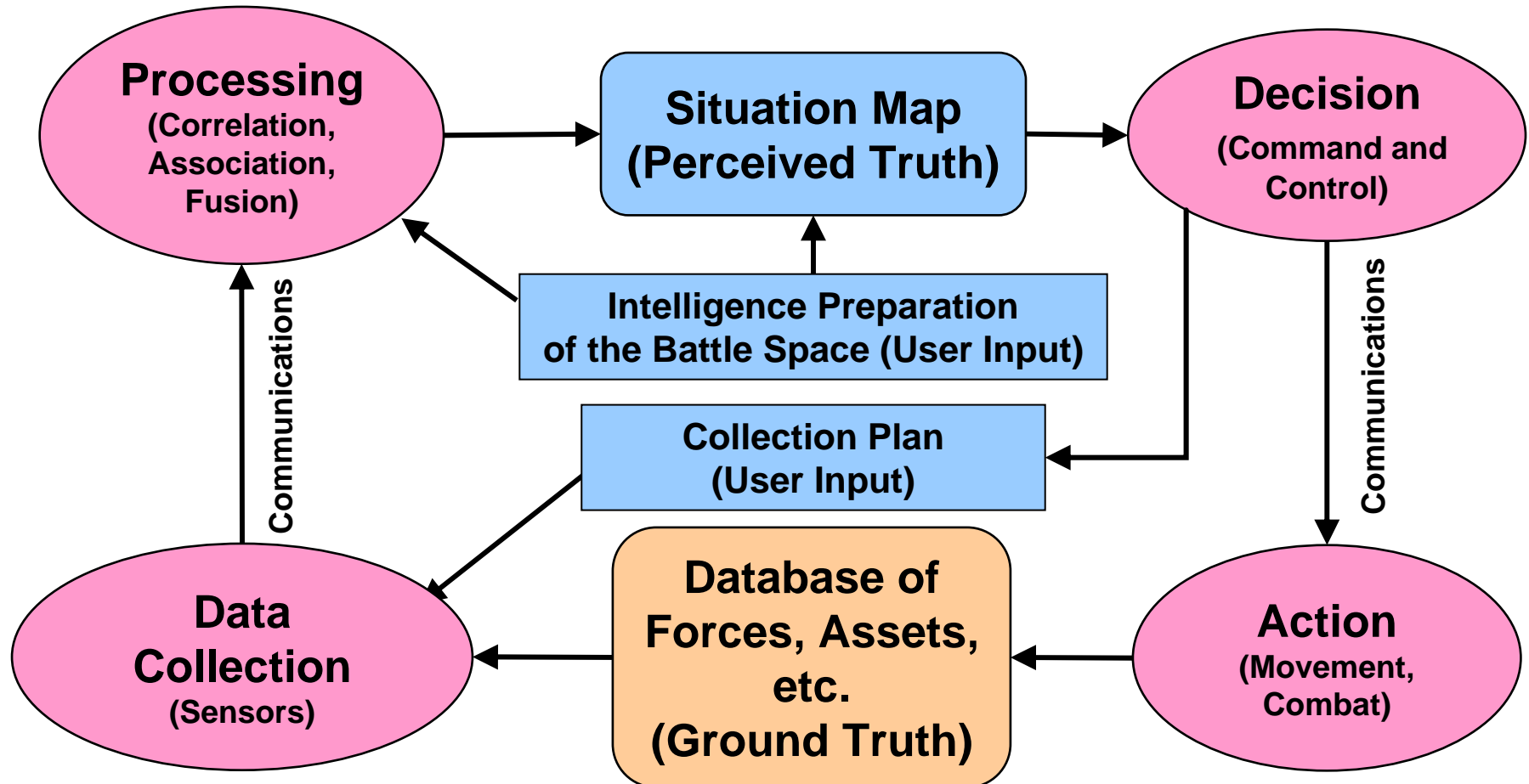
A Generative Decision Support Architecture (GDSA)

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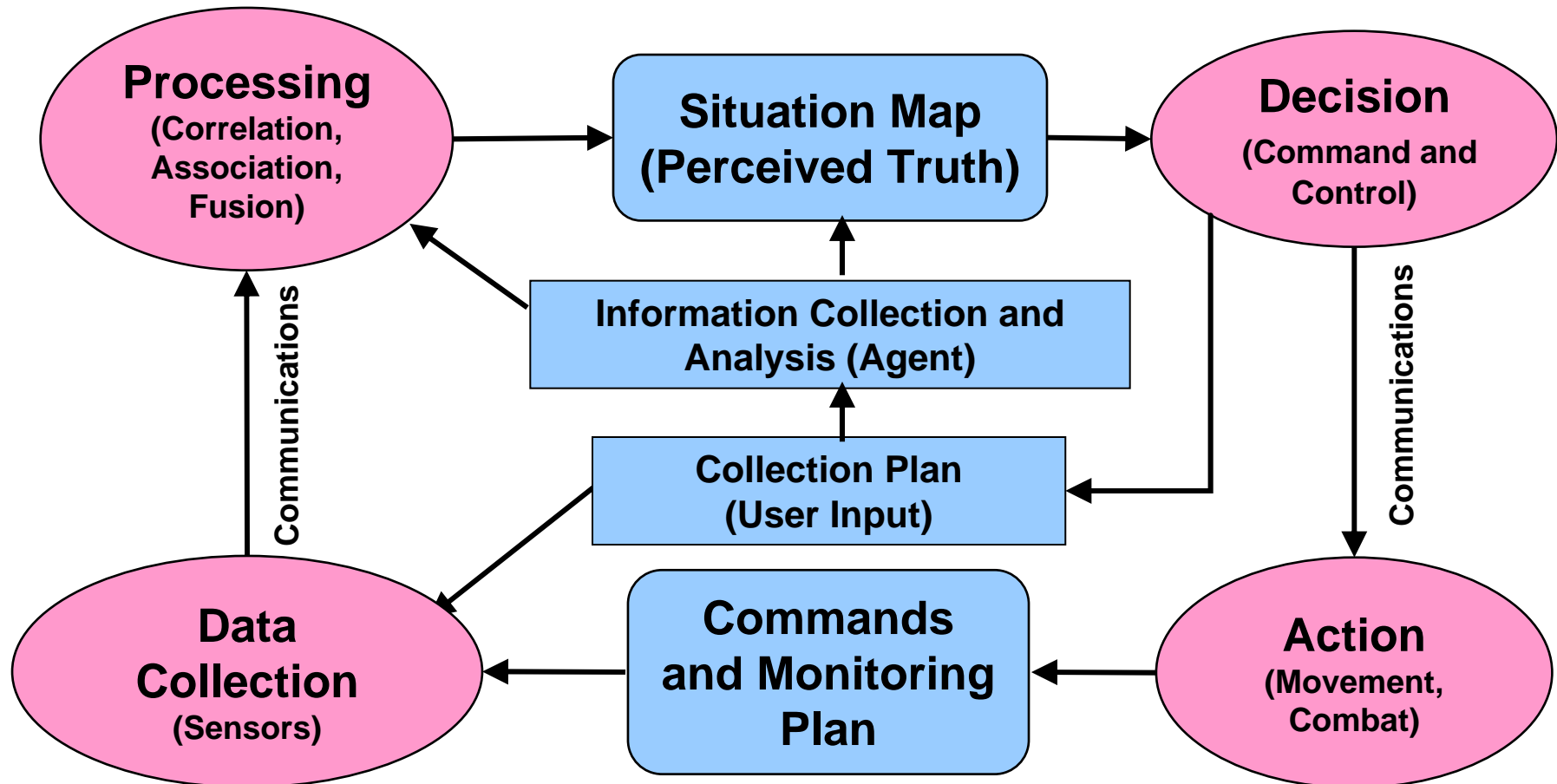
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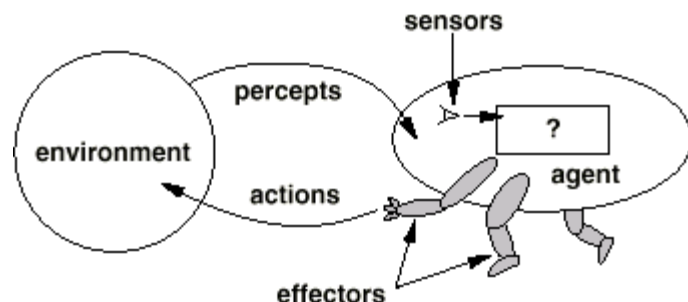
C⁴ISR Model



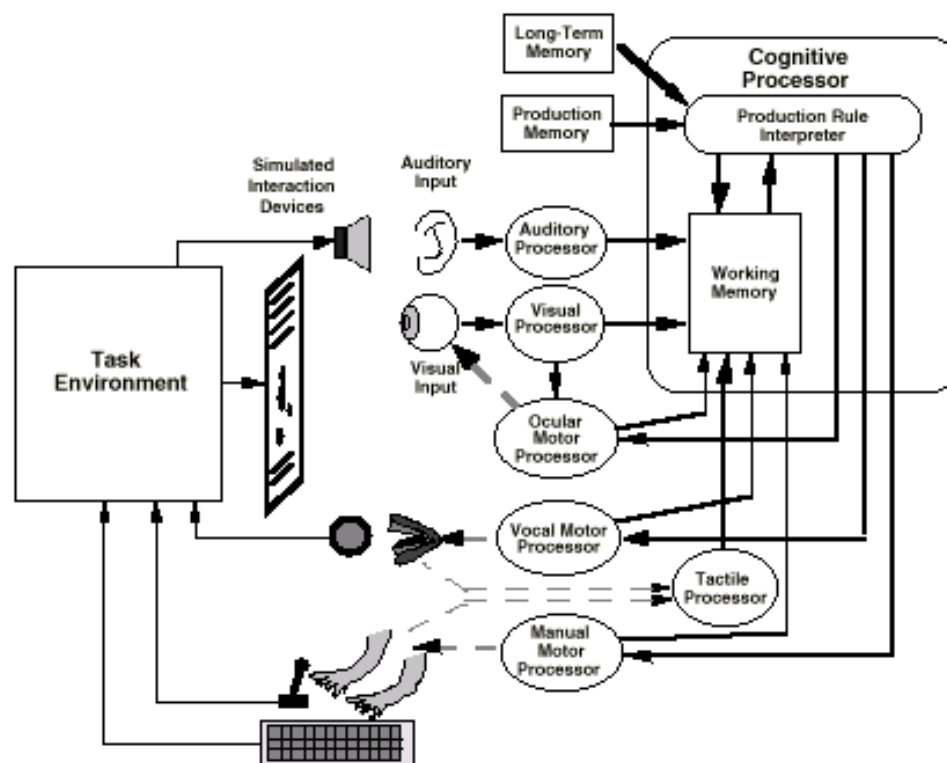
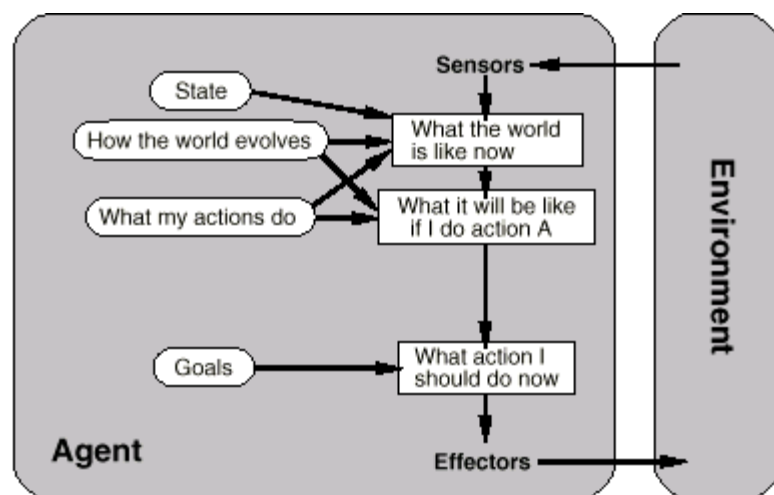
Decision Support Model



Agents



Russell and Norvig, Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach



Kieras and Meyer, "An Overview of the EPIC Architecture for Cognition and Performance with Application to Human-Computer Interaction"

Objective

- Develop an agent generation architecture for decision support applications.
 - Improve the tie between cognitive task analysis and software development.
 - Lessen the time necessary for developing decision support software.
 - Improve the quality of decision support software
 - Provide the flexibility necessary to support NCW
- Provide a method to evaluate an agents contribution to decision support.



Problem/Deficiency Being Addressed

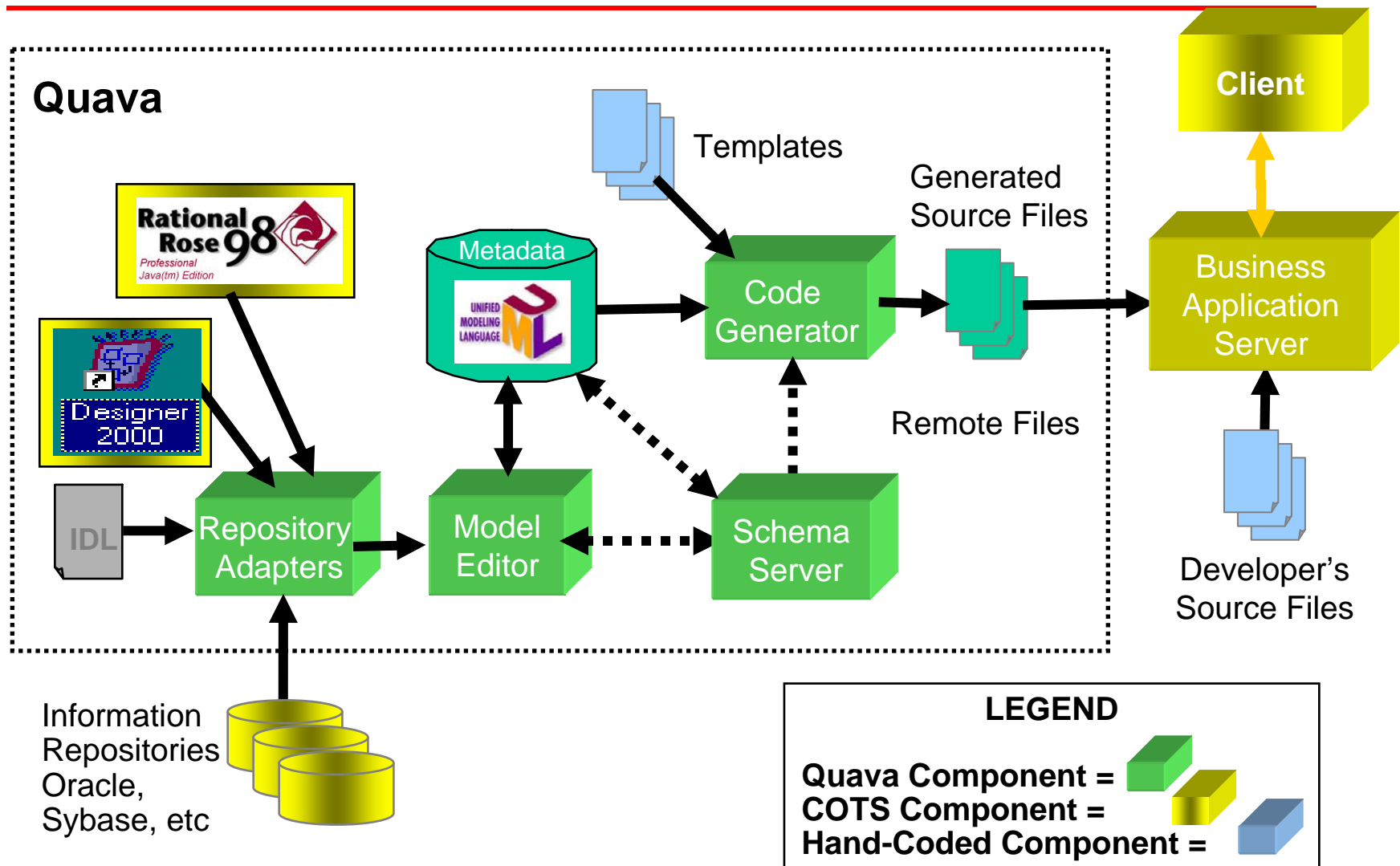


- Decision support requirements change rapidly in the operational war-fighting environment.
- Our current process for developing decision support software cannot meet the needs of the move towards NCW. Even current demands are stressing our capabilities.

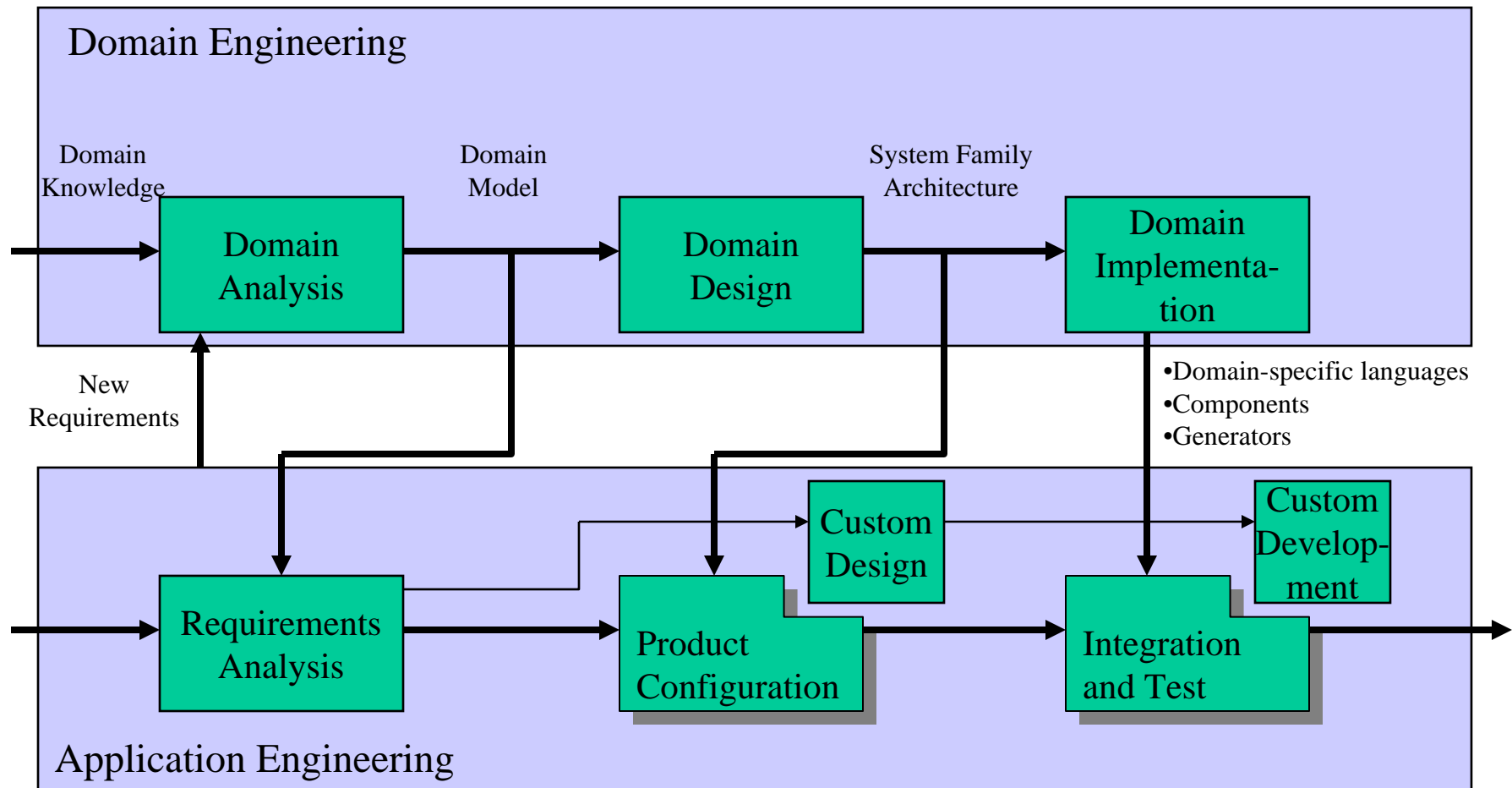
Technical Approach

- Identification of cognitive task domain.
- Evaluate models of cognitive decision-making.
- Define a cognitive model that describes the environment.
- Translate the cognitive task model into a formal software model within a generative software architecture.
- Create a domain specific language (DSL).
- Domain design.
- Domain implementation.

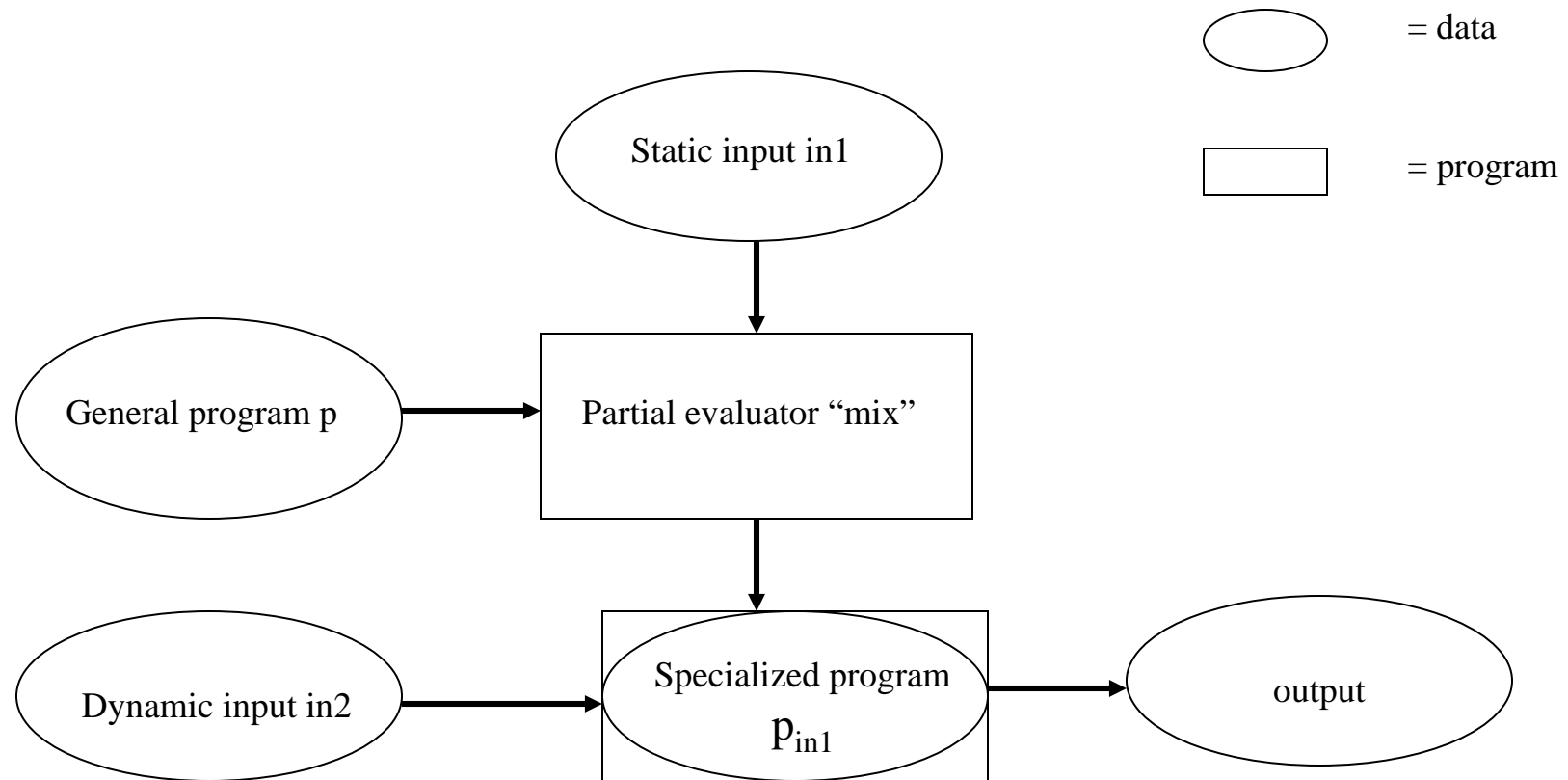
Template Based Techniques



Generative Software Development

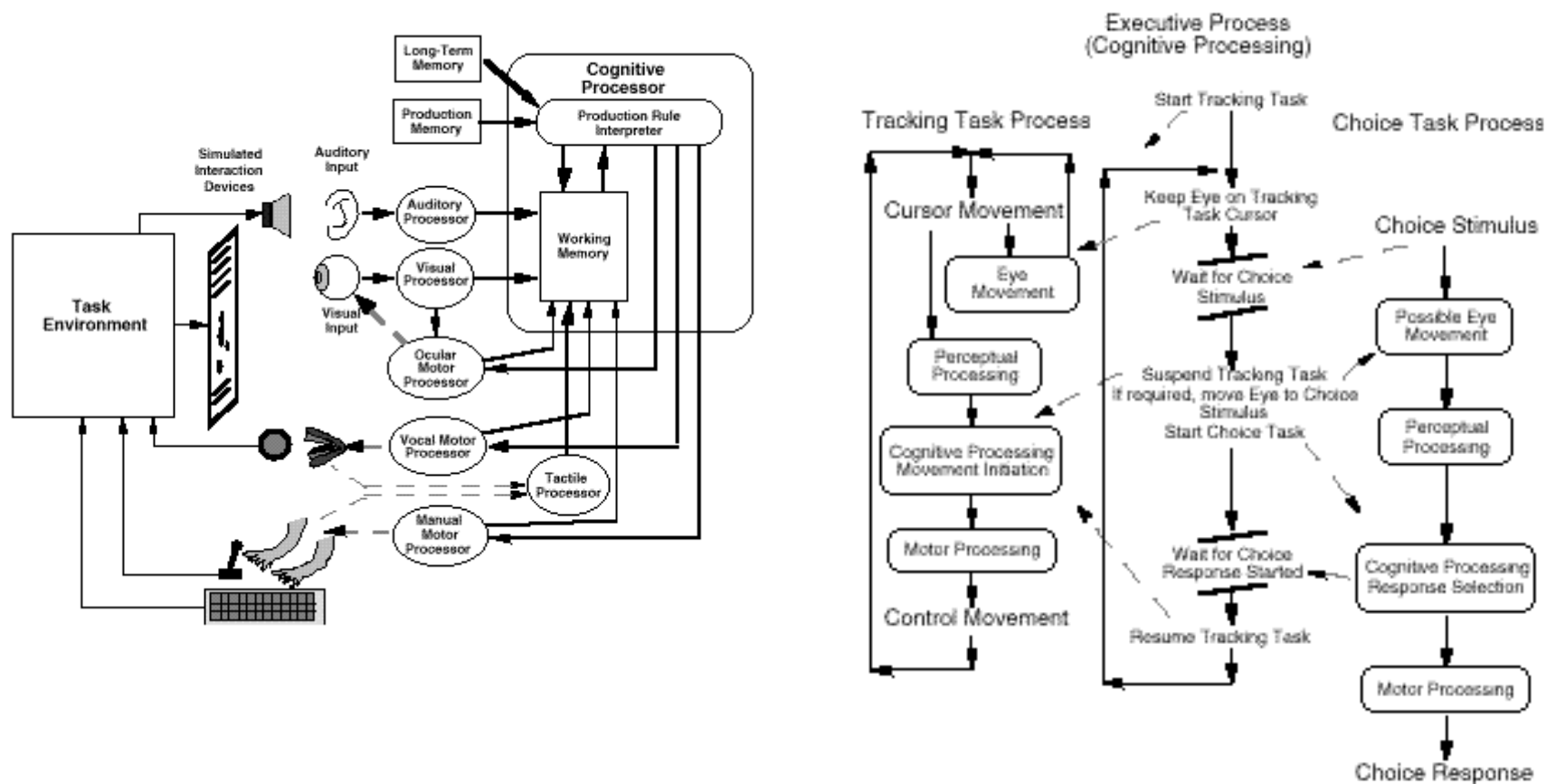


Partial Evaluation



$$[p] [in1, in2] = [p_{in1}] in2$$

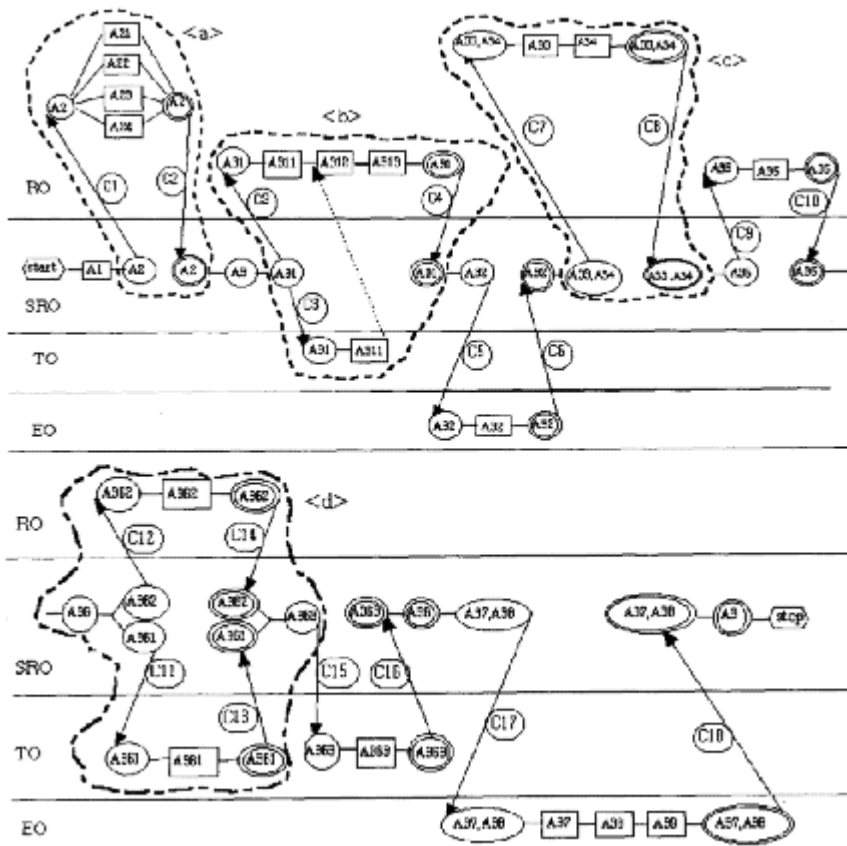
EPIC Model





Systems Center
San Diego

GOMS Models



Method for goal: edit the document

- Step 1. Get next unit task information from marked-up manuscript.
- Step 2. Decide: If no more unit tasks, then return with goal accomplished.
- Step 3. Accomplish goal: move to the unit task location.
- Step 4. Accomplish goal: perform the unit task.
- Step 5. Goto 1.

Selection rule set for goal: perform the unit task

- If the task is moving text, then
accomplish goal: move text.
- If the task is deletion, then
accomplish goal: delete text.
- If the task is copying, then
accomplish goal: copy text.
- ... etc. ...
- Return with goal accomplished.

Method for goal: move to the unit task location

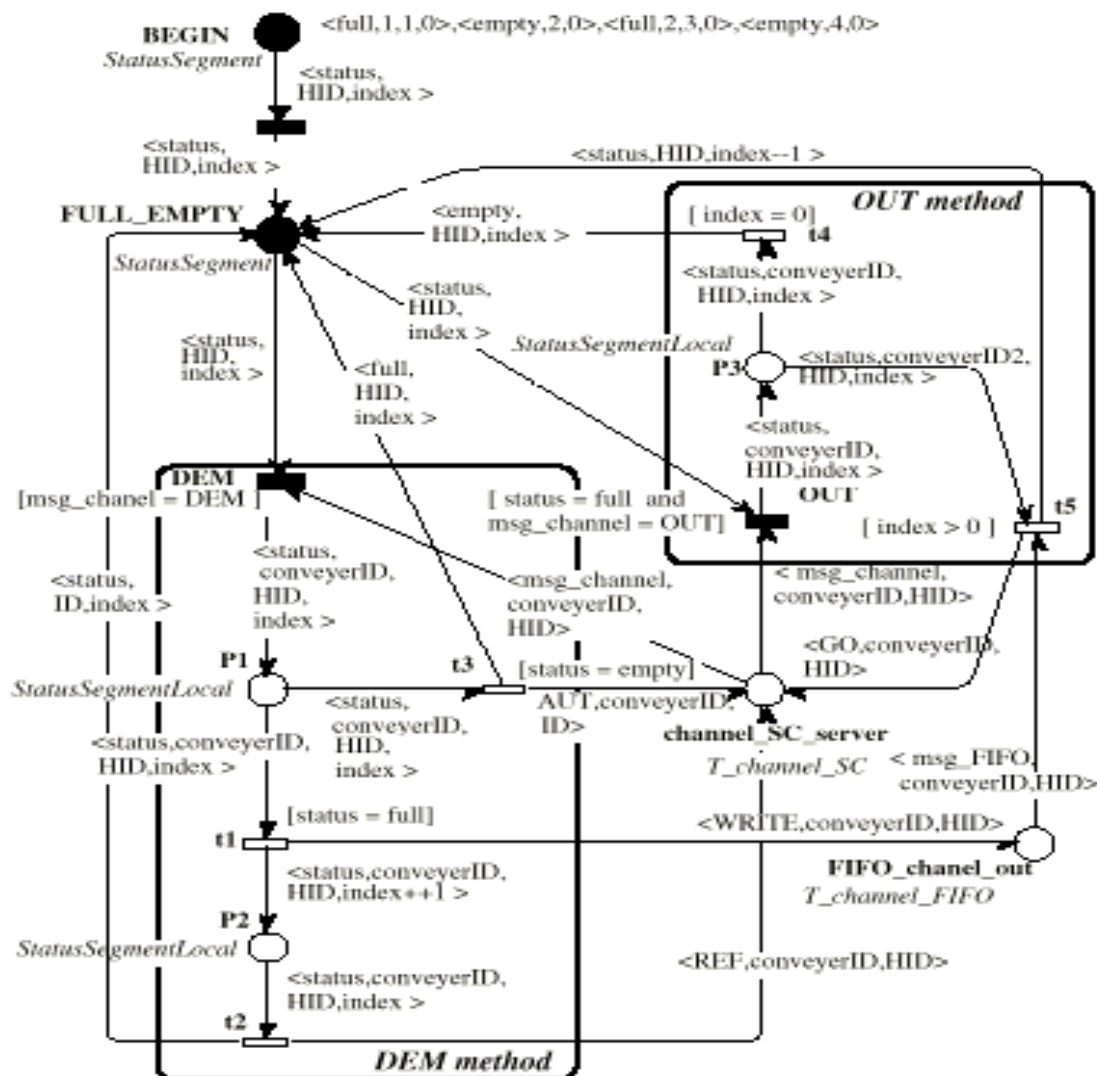
- Step 1. Get location of unit task from manuscript.
- Step 2. Decide: If unit task location on screen, return with goal accomplished.
- Step 3. Use scroll bar to advance text.
- Step 4. Goto 2.

Method for goal: move text

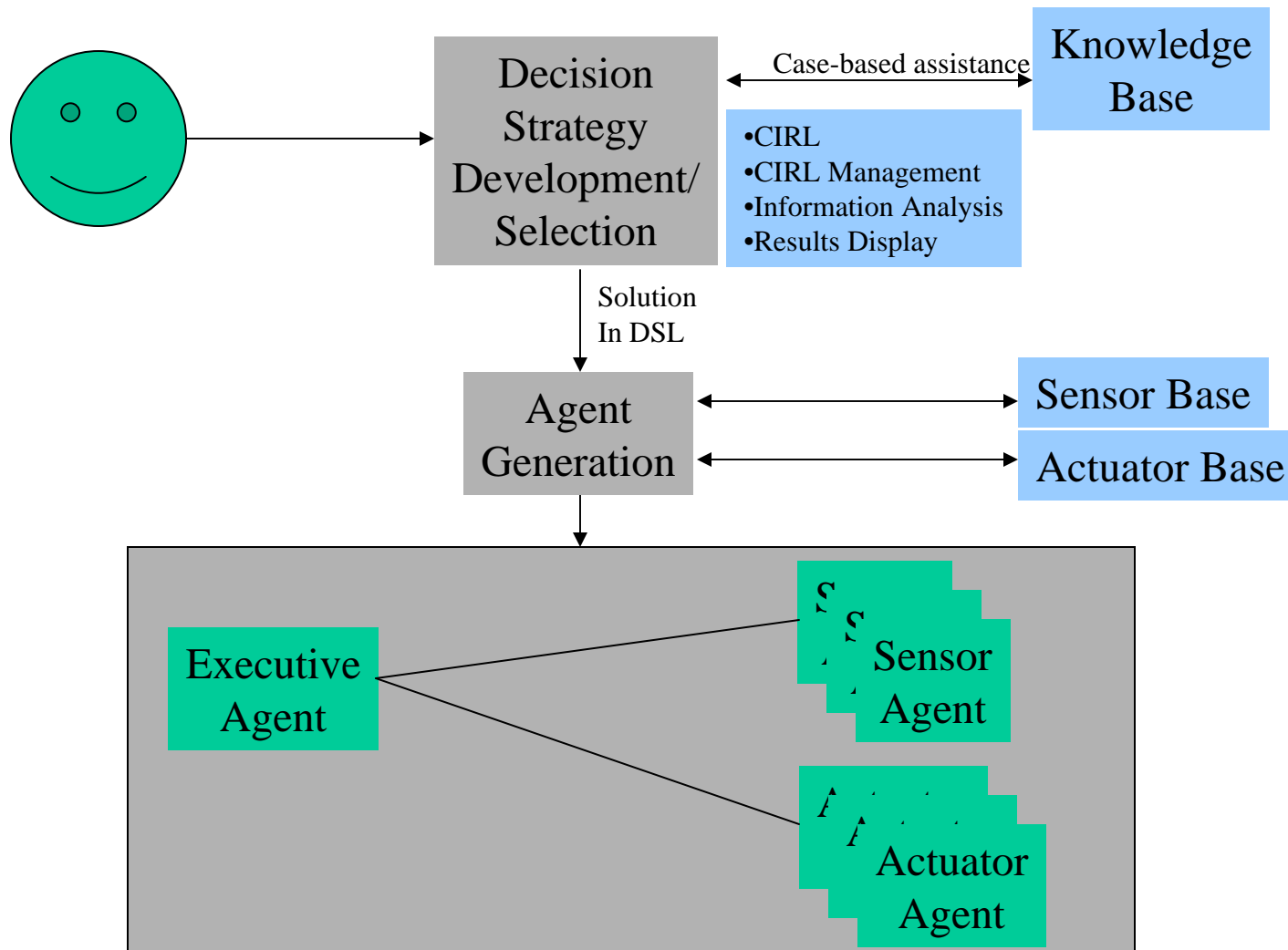
- Step 1. Cut text
- Step 2. Paste text
- Step 3. Verify correct text moved.
- Step 4. Return with goal accomplished.



Petri Nets for Code Generation



GDSA



Domain Specific Language



- Based on Deterministic Timed Hierarchical Colored Petri Nets. Adds semantic content to the places, transitions, and edges relative to decision support agents.
 - Interactions with infrastructure
 - Use of sensors and actuators
 - Information item and list management strategies
 - Analysis steps
 - Result display
- Initial level is based on the level of reusable sensor and actuator modules and the level of abstraction of associated information objects.

Research Areas

- Cognitive model adaptation for decision strategy description for agent use and generation
 - Critical Information Requirements List
 - CIRL management criteria
 - Information analysis method
 - Result display
- Domain specific language for decision strategies
- Agent generation engine
- Sensor and Actuator reuse bases and semantic descriptions for selection
- User interface language for decision strategies
- Case-based reasoning support for decision strategy selection